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Community-based health insurance: improving household economic indicators?

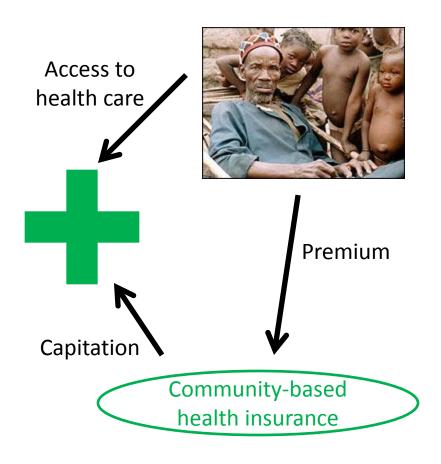
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Community-based health insurance (CBI)



Enrolment modalities:

- Unit of enrolment is the household
- Premium: 1500 CFA
 (2.29€) adult 500 CFA
 (0.76€)child
- Enrolment is yearly

Research Question

Is there a **causal** relationship between communitybased health Insurance (CBI) and household economic indicators in the Nouna Health District?

• Is there an improvement in the household livestock, assets and/or income for the insured overtime







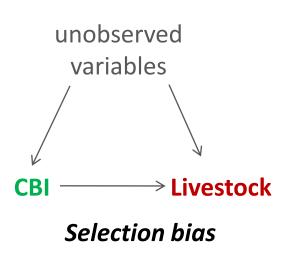


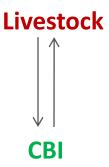


Observational data

Unlike randomized trials, in observational studies the intervention (CBI) is not randomized...

Enrolment for CBI is voluntary: we cannot assume that the insured (cases) and uninsured (controls) are similar





Reverse (2-way) causation

Model

Livestock_{it} =
$$Z_i$$
. $\beta_1 + X_{it}$. $\beta_2 + CBI_{it}$. $\beta_3 + u_i + \varepsilon_{it} + \delta_t$

Livestock_{it}: Household ownership of livestock

Z_i: observable time-invariant factors e.g. religion, education

X_{it}: observable time varying factors e.g. age, household size

CBI_{it}: insured household

u_i: unobservable time-invariant factors e.g. ability, preference

 $\mathbf{\epsilon}_{it}$: household-specific time shock e.g. death in the household

 $oldsymbol{\delta}_{t}$: sample-specific time shock e.g. drought that effects everyone

Data sources

- Nouna Health District Household Survey (NHDHS)
 - DSS region: 41 villages & Nouna town
 - 15% of the population (Total population:67,262)
 - Panel survey (same households interviewed every year)
 - Conducted every year since 2000



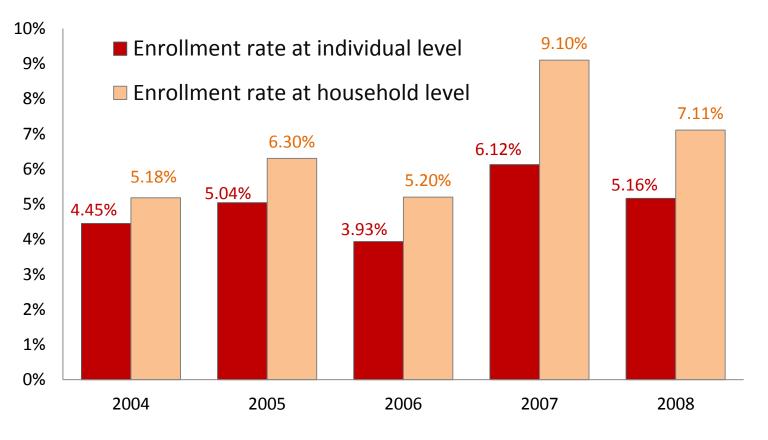




- (0) Socio-demographic: ethnicity, religion, housing conditions, education...
- (1) Socio-economic: assets, livestock, monetary income, expenditures...
- (2) Self-reported morbidity: illness episodes, health-seeking behaviour...
- (3) Preventive care
- (4) Risk-sharing & perceptions on quality of health care
- (5) CBI: enrolment decisions, reasons for enrolling...

Data sources

- 2. Community-based health insurance register
 - List of households and individuals enrolled every year
 - Can be linked to NHD household survey



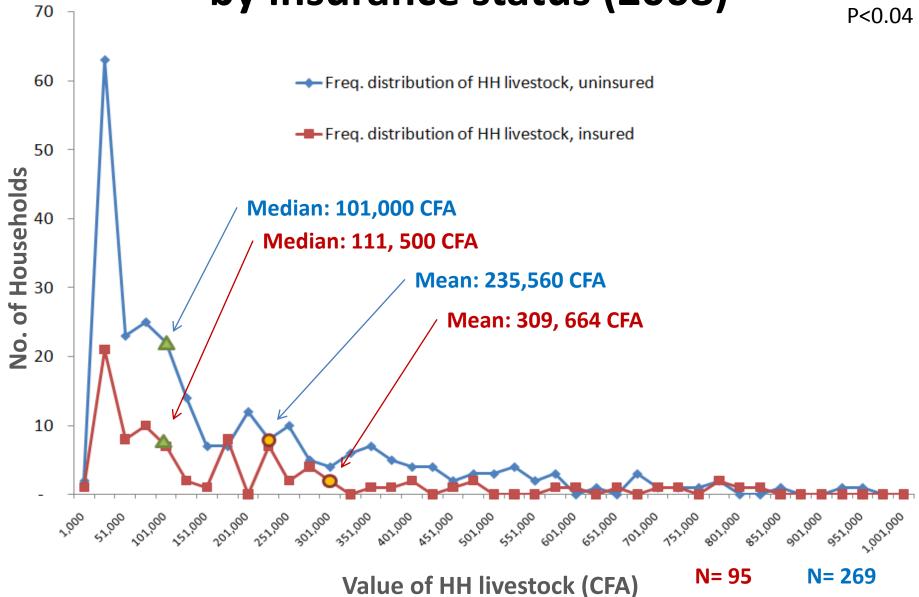
Enrollment 2004-08

Preliminary Results

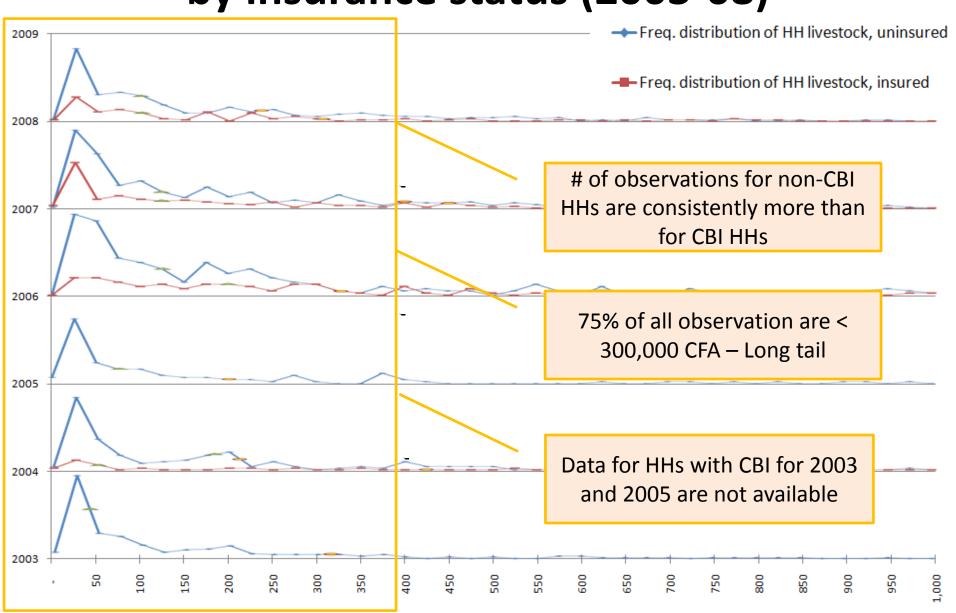
Freq. distribution of HH livestock, uninsured (2003) i.e. before CBI



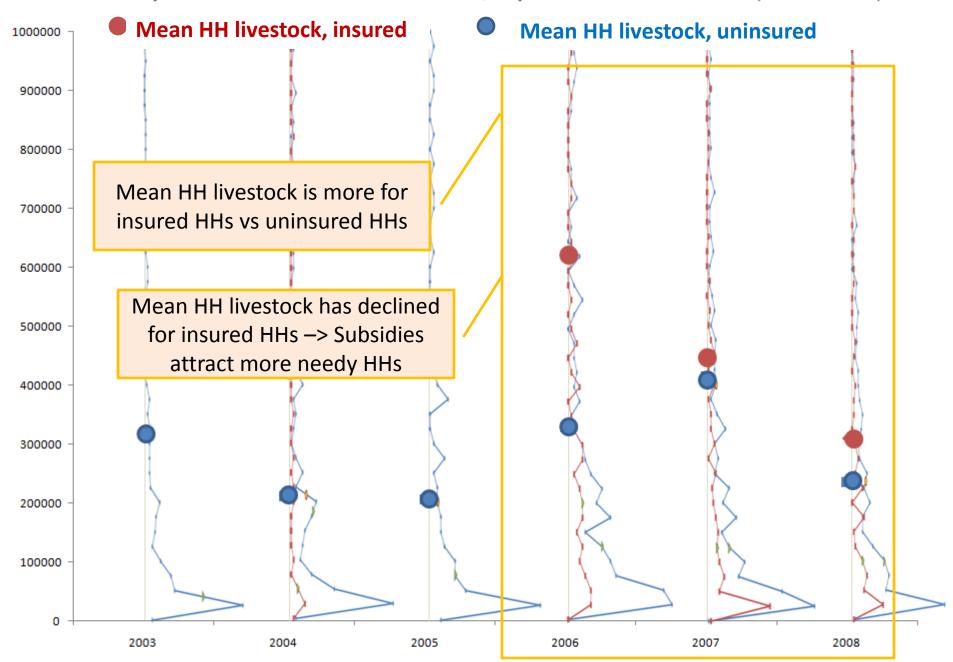
Freq. distribution of HH livestock, by insurance status (2008)



Freq. distribution of HH livestock, by insurance status (2003-08)



Analysis of mean HH livestock, by insurance status (2003 -08)



To conclude,

- There appears to be significant difference in the value of HH livestock between the insured and the uninsured.
- Insured HHs have relatively more HH livestock than uninsured HHs.
 - This could be due to the fact that richer households are enrolling (Subsidies in 2007)
 - 2. Part of this could also be explained due to an improvement in HH livestock for the insured due to CBI

Thank you Any questions, comments ...

