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Centre for Food Policy

Policy and practice to redesign food systems



Finding Coherent Actions to Support Food Waste Reductions

The sixth Future Food Symposium, the University of Birmingham, 22nd May 2025

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Who am I?

Reader at the Centre for Food Policy.

- Focus on sustainable food systems and food waste.
- Supporting the FSA/Defra through research projects. Scottish food systems research (ZWScotland). Household Simulation modelling (WRAP). Local food strategy development.
- Nutrition Society Food Systems theme lead. IFST Sustainability working group.
- Recent publications









Shout out my other research: The Household simulation model

https://blogs.city.ac.uk/householdfoodsimulation/

HOUSEHOLD FOOD SIMULATION

The Household Simulation Model: A decision making tool for building more sustainable food systems.



FOOD AND PACKAGING TRADE-OFFS

RESEARCH ON NEW PACKAGING SYSTEMS REUSABILITY AND REFILLABILITY



PACK SIZE

ALIGNMENT WITH CONSUMPTION NEEDS PACKAGING LIGHTWEIGHTING



SHELF-LIFE EXTENSION

PACKAGING TECHNOLOGIES EXTENDING SHELF LIFE OF PRODUCTS



STORAGE PRACTICES

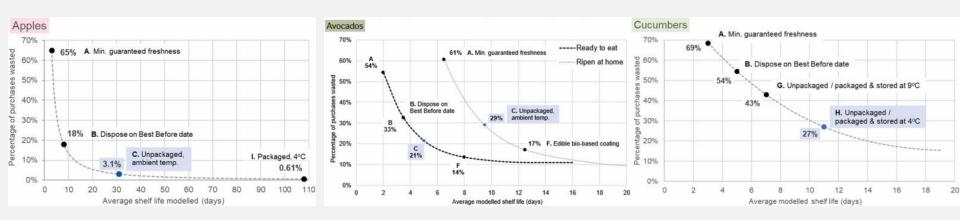
EDUCATE CONSUMERS ABOUT THE BENEFITS OF MAXIMISING PRODUCT SHELF LIFE THROUGH APPROPRIATE STORAGE PRACTICES



COMBINATION OF INTERVENTIONS

SINGLE INTERVENTIONS MAY HAVE LIMITED IMPACTS

New results on fresh produce -> food systems actions to reduce HH food waste



Three main actions:

- Removing best-before dates,
- Refrigerate most of their fruit and veg at home (at the correct temp)
- Selling fruit and vegetables loose
- Ready-to-eat avocados: increasing the shelf life from 3.5 days to 5 days reduced the estimated waste by more than a third



Today is a work in progress and part of wider research on FLW policy solutions.



- All input warmly received.(Feedback, questions, your thoughts.)
- Who should I be talking to?

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In 2019 I presented this... and published this...



A Local Authority representative in the audience asked

"So what can we do to reduce food waste if we follow WRAP guidance already..."

For five years, I have been trying to answer!

So what do we know in 2025?

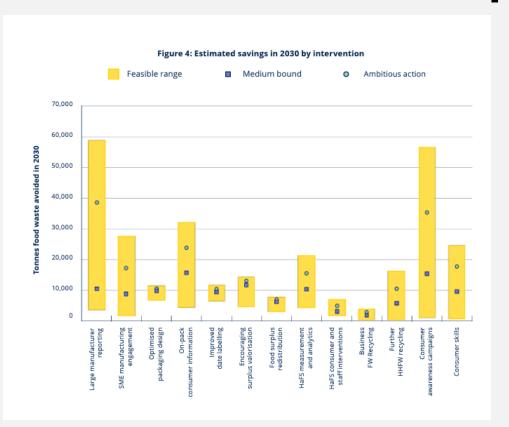
Review of wider policy actions

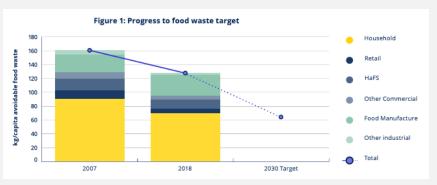
2019 - Review: Consumption-stage food waste reduction interventions

- 17 applied interventions that claim to have achieved food waste reductions.
- 13 quantified food waste reductions.
 - Plate size interventions resulted in up to 57% food waste reduction.
 - Changing nutritional guidelines in schools reduced vegetable waste by up to 28%.
 - Information campaigns had up to 28% food waste reduction.
- Lots of gaps and missing data.



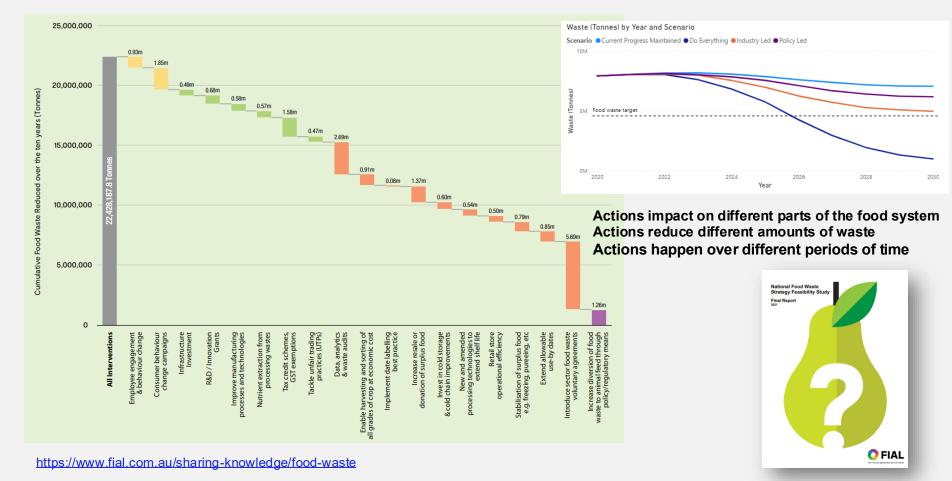
Welsh FW Route map 13 actions



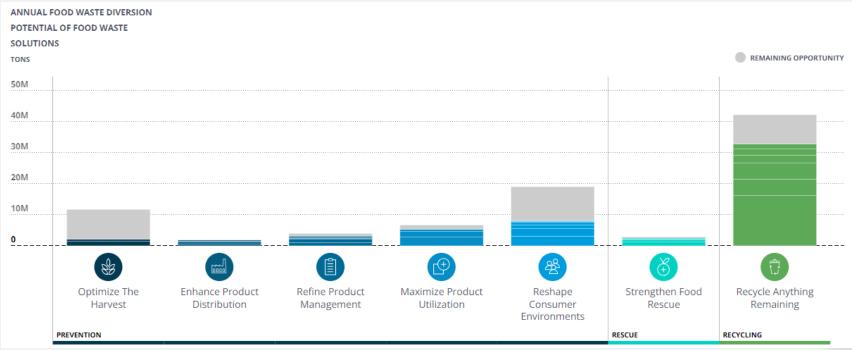


Actions impact on different parts of the food system Actions reduce different amounts of waste Actions happen over different periods of time

Australian FLW strategy 41 actions



Refed Solutions Database USA 73 actions



Actions impact on different parts of the food system Actions reduce different amounts of waste Actions happen over different periods of time





We have a growing number of lists of actions across multiple countries...

But we don't have a review of effectiveness of these actions!

Objective: Create an evidence base for Actions

- "Imperfect" review of the literature, using 25 Academic articles, NGO reports and policy documents.
- Looking for the suggested actions to reduce and divert FLW
- Recording tonnages and % of diversion
- Mapping these actions to
- 1) 89 Keywords
- 2) 11 categories from the Food Systems Transformation Solution-Bank

Different rates of effectiveness for different actions. Different levels of quantified evidence base.

| Category (primary) | Average of Average diversion or reduction potential % | Total mentions | Number of quantified studies |
|---------------------------------------|---|----------------|------------------------------|
| Certification and standards | 5% | 8 | 3 |
| Direct food provision | | 43 | 13* |
| Economic/financial | 7% | 36 | 1 |
| Framework policies | 10% | 47 | 3 |
| Governance/organisation | 17% | 50 | 5 |
| Information/communication | 13% | 206 | 29 |
| Market intervention | 11 | . 0 | |
| Not sure | 7% | 17 | 2 |
| Regulatory | 13% | 125 | 28 |
| Technology/innovation | 26% | 167 | 25 |
| * Not all data provided as a % so the | hese could not be included. | | |

Different rates of effectiveness throughout the supply chain

Average diversion or reduction potential %

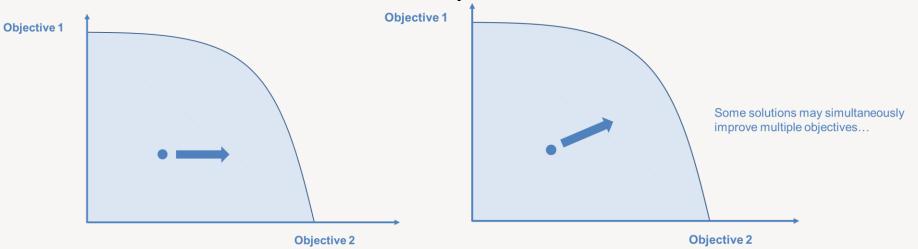
| | On farm/Primary Production | Supply chains Wholesale Manufacturing | Grocery/Retail | Out-of-home | Institutional | Informal | Local government | Consumers & Citizens |
|--|-------------------------------|---|----------------|-------------|---------------|----------|---------------------|----------------------|
| Certification and standards | 5% | | | | | | | |
| Direct food provision | | | | | | | | |
| Economic financial | 7% | | | 7% | | | | |
| Framework policies | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | 10% | | | |
| Governance organisation | | 25% | 25% | 17% | 17% | 25% | | |
| Information communication | | | | 5% | 10% | | | 14% |
| Market intervention | | | | | | | | |
| Regulatory | 18% | 12% | 14% | 20% | 17% | 23% | 33% | <mark>18%</mark> |
| Technology innovation | 17% | 28% | 31% | 27% | 24% | 24% | | 32% |
| Average % per supply chain stage | 15% | 20% | 22% | 21% | 19% | 23% | 33% | 19% |

So what works?

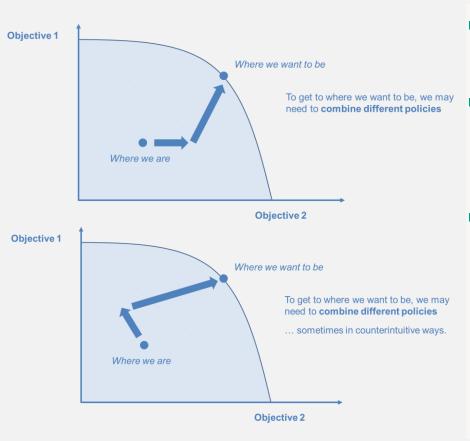
| | | Average diversion or reduction potential % | Min diversion or reduction potential % | Max diversion or reduction potential % | # of quantified st udies |
|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--------------------------------|
| Regulatory | Advisory Guidelines | 3% | 3% | 3% | 1 |
| | Food-Related Laws | 16% | 3% | 28% | 2 |
| | Food-Related Rules | <mark>33%</mark> | 12% | 54% | 2 |
| Regulatory | Industry Voluntary Agreements | <mark>20%</mark> | 20% | 20% | 1 |
| | Labelling | 5% | 5% | 5% | 1 |
| | Self-Regulation | 11% | 1% | 30% | 12 |
| | Distribution of Food Surplus | <mark>21%</mark> | 1% | 50% | 7 |
| Technology & innovation | Financing of Innovation | <mark>58%</mark> | 25% | 90% | 2 |
| | Research Activities on Food System | 33% | 25% | 50% | 3 |
| | Consumer Information | | | | |
| Information & | Campaigns | 10% | 2% | | |
| communication | Digital content | 7% | 6% | 8% | 2 |
| | Labelling | 5% | 5% | | |
| | Skills, Knowledge Training | 16% | 15% | <mark>16%</mark> | 2 |
| Governance & organisation | Mapping, Measuring and Monitoring | 17% | 9% | 25% | 3 |
| Certification and standards | Standards – Food Safety, Quality, Composition | 5% | 1% | 8% | 3 |

Lack of data and discussion of Policy Bundles!

- When we think about food waste reduction we think about the movement towards the objective (SDG12.3)
- We have not thought about comparing the magnitude of reduction
- We don't tend to think about impacts on other outcomes.



Lack of data and discussion of Policy Bundles!



- Bundles of solutions/policies may have synergies together,
- They may have tradeoffs or other interaction effects.
- We have not looked into this much at all!

The Path to Half (Victoria, Au) 25 Solutions

ReFED (USA) 73 Solutions

Australian food waste strategy 41 Solutions

Recommendations for Action in Food Waste Prevention (EU Platform on Food Losses and Food Waste) 47 Solutions

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End of presentation

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Postgraduate taught degree

PhD/MPhil Food Policy

Postgraduate research degree

https://www.citystgeorges.ac.uk/prospective-students/courses/postgraduate/food-policy



